Quality of Education and Challenges in a Digitally Networked World, 30-31 October, 2014, Sofia, Bulgaria

#### Innovative Approaches to Teaching and Learning in Higher Education: The Role of Digital technologies in Preparing Students for Lifelong Learning and Successful Careers

#### Mariana Pãtru, UNESCO Evgueni Khvilon, MSPU, Russia



United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization

"Today's knowledge societies require talented, skilled and competitive workforces. This calls for robust but also flexible education systems, including higher education, capable of adjusting to meet new expectations and to promote learning that is relevant, accessible and innovative."

Irina Bokova, Director-General of UNESCO, Visions for education in the new digital era

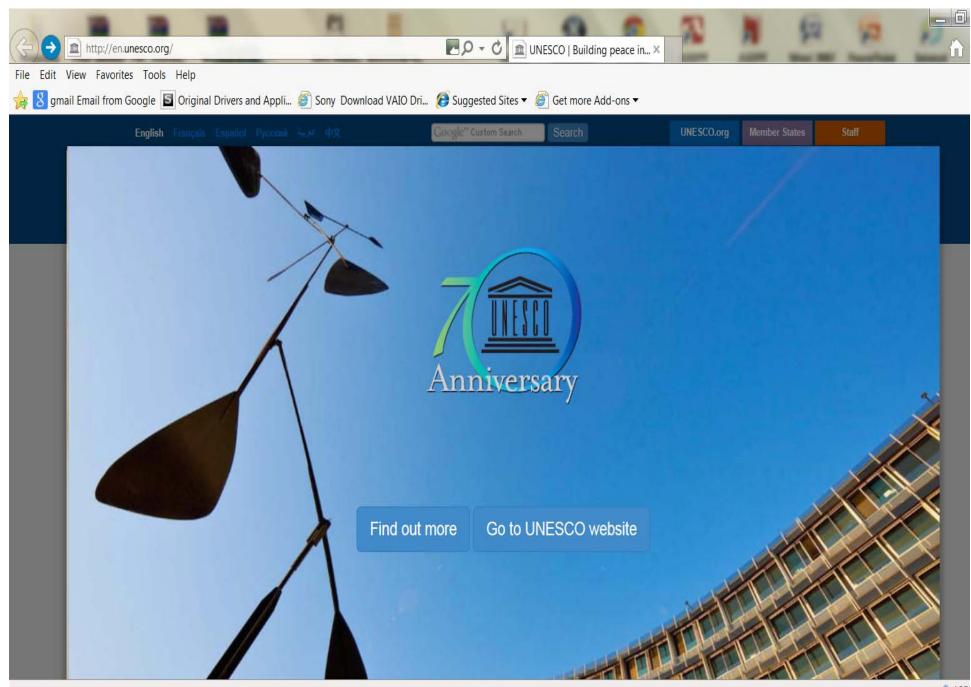


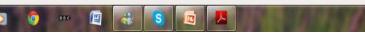
#### **UNESCO:** Mission and Relevance in the **21**<sup>st</sup> century

**Global Trends and Challenges** 

Access, Equity and Quality in Higher Education

**The Future of Education Agenda** 







#### UNESCO's Roadmap 2014-2021

- Serving as a laboratory of ideas and generating innovative proposals and policy advice
- Developing and reinforcing the global agenda through policy analysis, monitoring and benchmarking
- Setting norms and standards and supporting and monitoring their implementation
- Strengthening international and regional cooperation and fostering alliances, intellectual cooperation, knowledge sharing and operational partnerships

# Global Trends and Challenges in the Digital Age

### **Drivers of Change**

- Democratization of knowledge and access will drive a global 'education revolution'
- Increased global competition for domestic and international student markets
- Digital technologies
- Global mobility
- Integration with industry

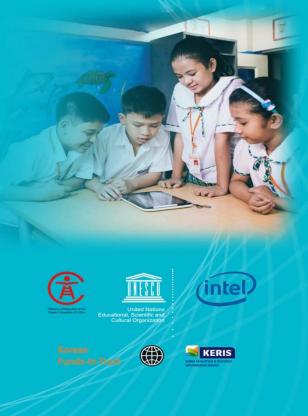
(University of the Future:

<u>http://www.ey.com/Publication/vwLUAssets/University\_of\_the\_future/</u> \$FILE/University\_of\_the\_future\_2012.pdf)

#### Policy Level Exchange and Dialogue on ICT in Education

- Fostering institutional change with Asia policy interventions
- Scaling up teachers' professional development to support students' 21<sup>st</sup> century skills
- Promoting exchanges among different education stakeholders at all levels for up-scaling
- Mainstreaming school innovations
- Continue to think beyond borders

Asia Pacific Ministerial Forum on ICT in Education 2013



ocument Outcome

## The World of Higher Education Is Changing Quickly and Dramatically

- Institutions are courting new student populations
- Creative financing is needed to balance shrinking budgets
- Online learning is the new frontier

http://www.economistinsights.com/sites/defa ult/files/EIU\_AcademicPartns\_WEBr1.pdf



#### Higher education in the 21st century: Meeting real-world demands

An Economist Intelligence Unit research programme sponsored by Academic Partnerships



2014 Horizon Report: Higher Education Important Developments in Educational Technology for Higher Education	
One year or	Flipped Classroom
less	Learning Analytics
Two to three	3D Printing
years	Games and Gamification
Four to five	Quantified Self
years	Virtual Assistants

## **Significant Challenges**

2014 NMC Horizon Report

- Low digital fluency of faculty
- Relative lack of rewards for teaching
- Competition from new models of education (MOOCs)
- Scaling teaching innovations
- Expanding access
- Keeping education relevant

EC High Level Task Force on the Modernisation of Higher Education

#### More information:

http://ec.europa.eu/education/librar y/reports/modernisationuniversities\_en.pdf High Level Group on the Modernisation of Higher Education



REPORT TO THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION ON New modes of learning and teaching in higher education

OCTOBER 2014

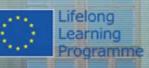
#### Harnessing new modes of learning and teaching

- The higher education landscape is undergoing significant change as a result of technological innovations
- These new technologies have the potential to enhance the quality and reach of higher education
- Online technologies provide opportunities to learn anywhere and anytime (essential for non-traditional learners, lifelong learning and continuous professional development )
- Digital technologies can underpin national efforts to drive greater collaboration between institutions, combining expertise and delivering greater critical mass



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#### HOME SCOPE & THEMES PROGRAMME VENUE DOCUMENTS PREVIOUS CONFERENCE

#### The Open and Flexible Higher Education Conference 2014

"New Technologies and the future of Teaching and Learning"

23-24 October, Krakow

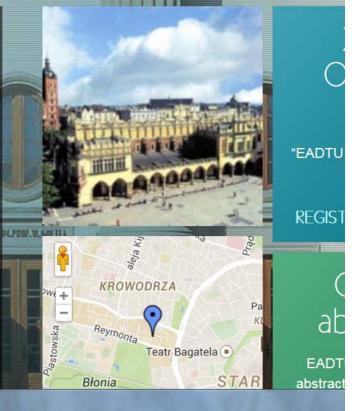
EADTU's annual Conference 2014 is hosted by AGH University of Science and Technology.



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Conference live feed  $\rightarrow$ 



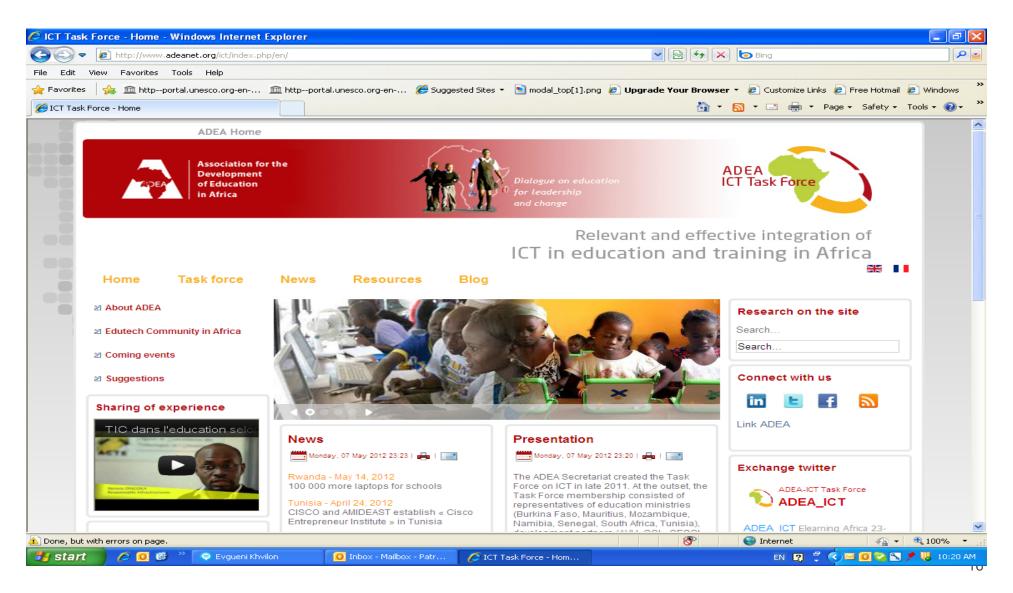
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## Scaling Up Good Practices Through Partnerships and Networking

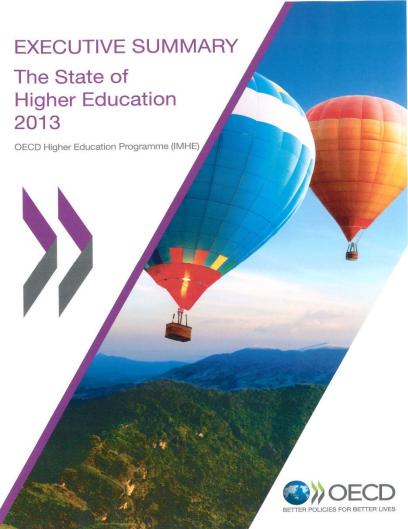


#### Priority Africa: Improving Access, Equity and Quality of African Education with ICT



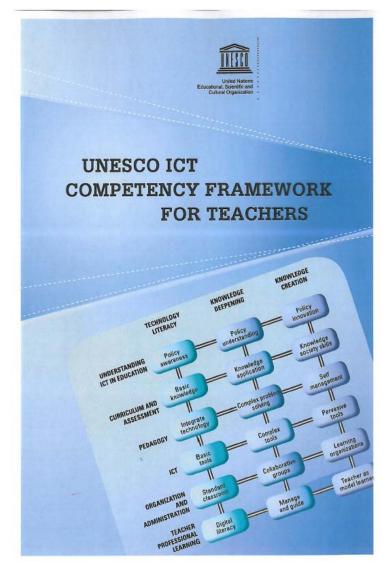
#### **OECD: The State of Higher Education 2013**

#### Higher education is increasingly relevant due to the shifting demand in skills



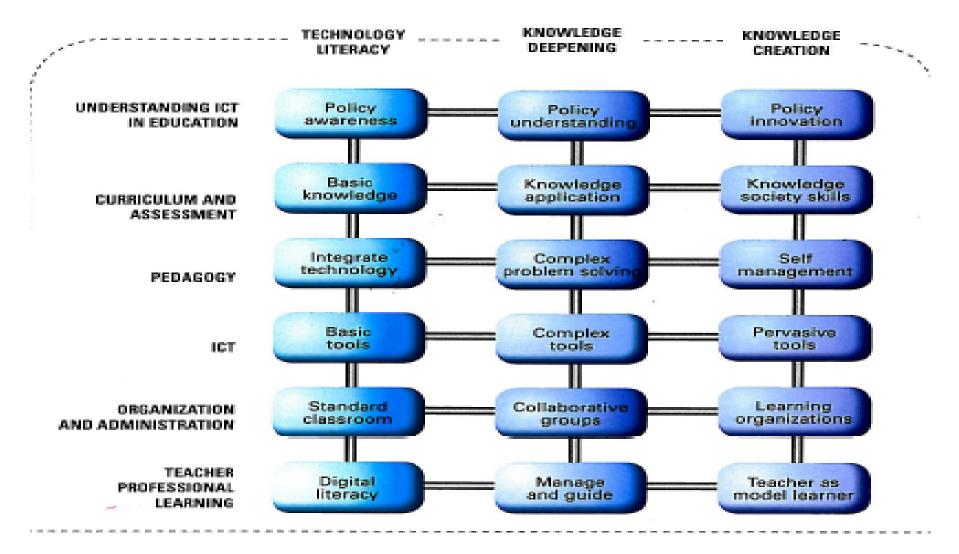
#### **Enhancing Teachers' Competencies** to Use Digital Technologies

#### Supporting countries to improve the quality and impact of teaching



#### **Building a Digital Age Teaching Profession**

(http://unesdoc.unesco.org/images/0021/002134/213475E.pdf)



#### **Canada: Learning and Technology Policy Framework**



#### 2013 Learning and Technology Policy Framework

Aberta Governmen

The Building Alberta Plan

#### **Canada: Learning and Technology Policy Framework**

Five Policy Directions form the core of the framework. They are grounded in the Inspiring Education vision.



**Policy Direction 1:** Student-Centred Learning Technology is used to support student-centred, personalized, authentic learning for all students.

5



**Policy Direction 2: Research and Innovation** Teachers, administrators and other education professionals read, review, participate in, share and apply research and evidence-based practices to sustain and advance innovation in education.



Policy Direction 3: Professional Learning Teachers, administrators and other education professionals develop, maintain and apply the knowledge, skills and attributes that enable them to use technology effectively, efficiently and innovatively in support of learning and teaching.

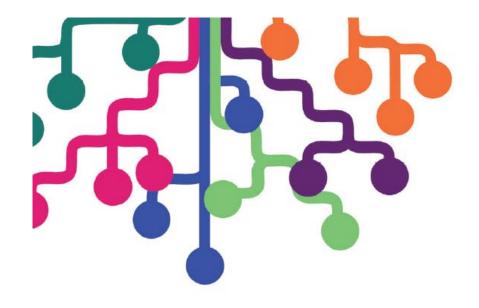
**Policy Direction 4:** Leadership Education leaders establish policy and governance structures, cultivate innovation and build capacity within the system to leverage technology in support of student-centred learning and system efficiencies.



**Policy Direction 5:** Access, Infrastructure and Digital Learning Environments All students, teachers, administrators and other education professionals have access to appropriate devices, reliable infrastructure, high-speed networks and digital learning environments.



LEARNING AND TECHNOLOGY POLICY FRAMEWORK 2013



Introducing Tablets in Schools:

The Acer-European Schoolnet Tablet Pilot





### Highlights

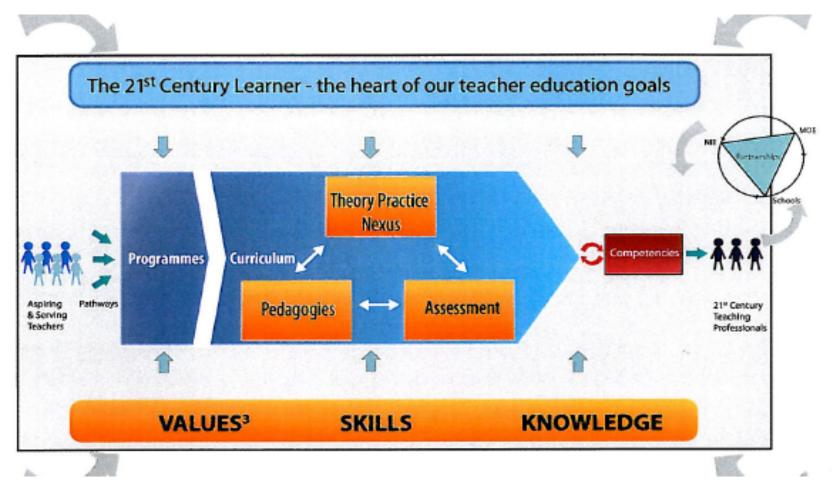
- Majority of teachers had more than 10 years of professional experience
- Majority of teachers had at least 4 years' experience using ICT to support teaching
- Half of the participating teachers had used a tablet in the 6 months prior to the pilot
- Teachers feel confident to use ICT for lesson planning and delivery but less so for professional development, lesson follow-up and assessment
- Teachers are competent to use the Internet and general ICT-based applications but fewer feel competent in the use of VLEs and social networking tools



#### **Korea: Smart Education**

## Singapore: A Teacher Education Model for the 21<sup>st</sup> Century

(http://www.nie.edu.sg/files/spcs/TE21\_Executive%20Summ ary\_101109.pdf)



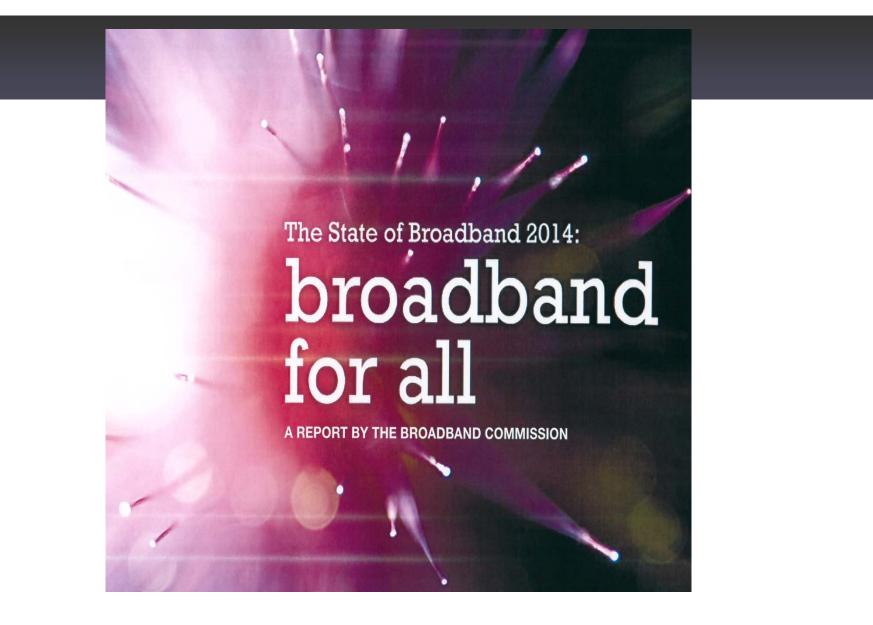
**Broadband Commission for Digital Development** Working Group on Education 24 February 2013, UNESCO Headquarters, Paris





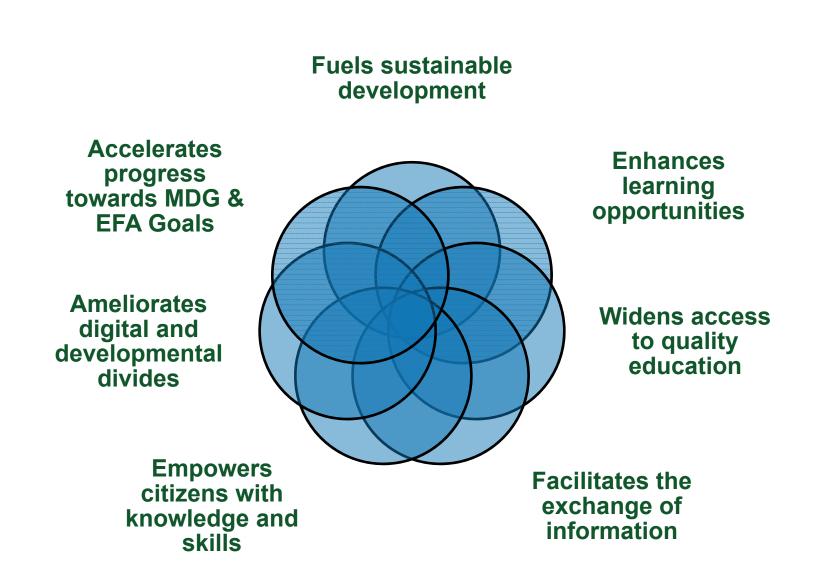
#### **Continuous High Growth of Mobile Broadband**

- Almost 7 billion mobile cellular subscriptions
- Number of mobile-broadband subscriptions reaches
  2.3 billion with 55% of them in developing countries
- Globally, mobile-broadband penetration will reach 32% by end 2014 (Africa leads)
- Fixed-broadband growth is slowing down in developing countries
- Almost 3 billion people 40% of the world's population are using the Internet (but 4 billion not yet using)



Half of the world will be online by 2017

### WHY BROADBAND?



## **THE POLICY AGENDA**

Countries increasingly recognize broadband and ICT as having educational value.

HOWEVER,

more initiatives and policy directives are needed to indicate how education systems can best leverage technology. 3 out of 4 countries have education policies that mention broadband internet as a means of improving teaching and learning.



#### **KEY AREAS TO ADDRESS:**

- Reconcile infrastructural deficits
- Train teachers to use new technologies to further student learning
- Promote the use broadband to accelerate and improve teacher training
- Develop and share of educational content with learners and educators
- Leverage technology to improve educational planning and management

 Evaluate and improve the effectiveness of ICT use in educational settings

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### LOOKING AHEAD

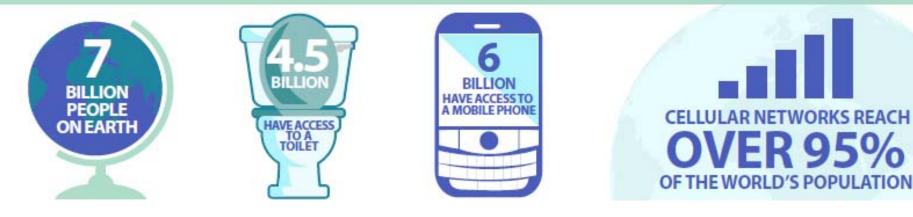
- 1. Increase access to technology and broadband
- 2. Incorporate technology and broadband into job training and continuing education
- **3. Teach ICT skills and digital literacy to all educators and learners**
- 4. Promote mobile learning and OERs
- 5. Support the development of content adapted to local contexts and languages
- 6. Work to bridge the technological divide between countries

#### Mobile technology as a promising vehicle

#### **BOOKS ARE SCARCE**



#### **BUT MOBILE PHONES ARE EVERYWHERE**



#### Mobile Learning Week 2015

#### **MOBILE LEARNING WEEK** Leveraging technology to empower women and girls



#### WORKSHOPS

SYMPOSIUM

in partnership with

#### POLICY FORUM

The policy forum will bring together senior representatives from different countries to discuss how mobile learning can accelerate progress towards gender equality in education. The event will also explore how new educational technologies can contribute to post-2015 development priorities.

#### **RESEARCH SEMINAR**

Friday, 27 February

The research seminar will allow participants to share findings from investigations of mobile learning implementations. The seminar will also help improve communication between the research community and other stakeholder groups.

The workshops will be dedicated to hands-on training and interactive demonstrations of mobile learning content, technology and interventions. The symposium will feature keynote speakers, expert panels and numerous breakout presentations. An exhibition will accompany the symposium, allowing various organizations opportunities to showcase work and share information.

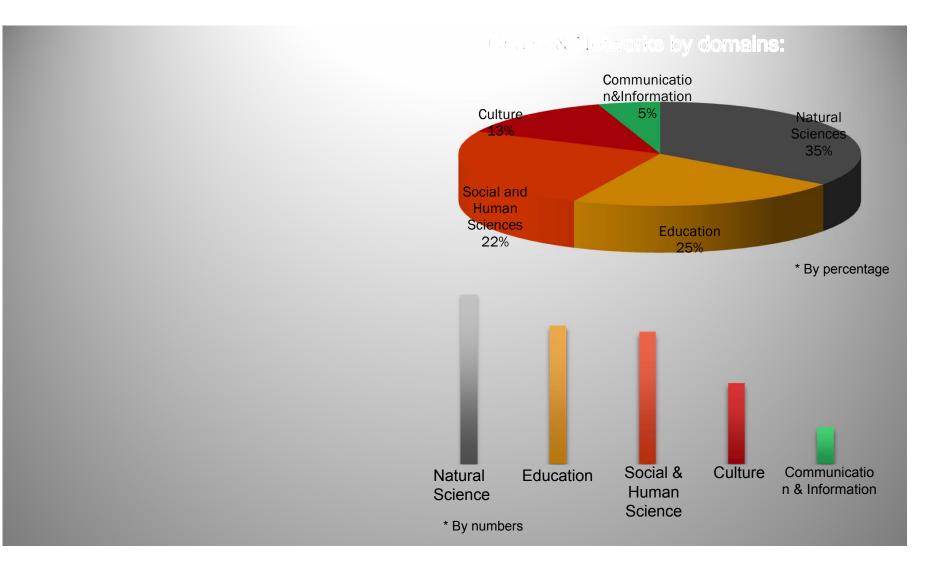
Monday, 23 February Tuesday & Wednesday, 24-25 February Thursday, 26 February



United Nations -Educational, Scientific and -Cultural Organization -

University Twinning and Networking Programme

## UNITWIN/UNESCO Chairs Programme



#### **POST-2015 EDUCATION AGENDA:**

#### ENSURING EQUITABLE QUALITY EDUCATION AND LIFELONG LEARNING FOR ALL BY 2030

(UNESCO, Position Paper on Education Post-2015 – <u>http://unesdoc.unesco.org/images/0022/002273/227336E.pdf</u>)

## ARE UNIVERSITIES PREPARING STUDENTS FOR THE JOBS OF THE FUTURE?



#### Jobs before 2020

- Augmented reality engineers
- Alternative currency bankers
- Global system architects
- Waste data managers
- Urban agriculturalists
- 3D printing engineers
- Book-to-app converters
- Social education specialists

(http://www.futuristspeaker.com/2011/11/55-jobs-of-the-future)

#### "THE ONLY CONSTANT THING IS CHANGE"

## Heraclitus of Ephesus, Greek philosopher (535-475 B.C.)

#### **THANK YOU!**

#### БЛАГОДАРЯ!

m.patru@unesco.org